Tone and Mood

Watch out! Tone and mood are similar!!

Tone is the author's attitude toward the writing (his characters, the situation) and the readers. A work of writing can have more than one tone. An example of tone could be both serious and humorous. Tone is set by the setting, choice of vocabulary and other details.

Mood is the general atmosphere created by the author's words. It is the feeling **the reader gets** from reading those words. It may be the same, or it may change from situation to situation.

Words That Describe Tone			Words That Describe Mood	
Amused	Humorous	Pessimistic	Fanciful	Melancholy
ngry	Informal	Playful	Frightening	Mysterious
heerful	Ironic	Pompous	Frustrating	Romantic
lorror	Light	Sad	Gloomy	Sentimental
lear	Matter-of-fact	Serious	Нарру	Sorrowful
ormal iloomy	Resigned Optimistic	Suspicious Witty	Joyful	Suspenseful

Read more about it!

Authors set a **TONE** or **MOOD** in literature by conveying an emotion or emotions through words. The way a person feels about an idea, event, or another person can be quickly determined through facial expressions, gestures and in the tone of voice used.

MOOD: (sometimes called atmosphere) the overall feeling of the work

Mood is the emotions that you (the <u>reader</u>) feel while you are reading. Some literature makes you feel sad, others joyful, still others, angry. The main purpose for some poems is to set a mood.

Writers use many devices to create mood, including images, dialogue, setting, and plot. Often a writer creates a mood at the beginning of the story and continues it to the end. However, sometimes the mood changes because of the plot or changes in characters.

Examples of MOODS include: suspenseful, joyful, depressing, excited, anxious, angry, sad, tense, lonely, suspicious, frightened, disgusted

TONE: the way feelings are expressed

Tone is the attitude that an author takes toward the audience, the subject, or the character. Tone is conveyed through the author's words and details. Use context clues to help determine the tone.

In literature an author sets the tone through words. The possible tones are as boundless as the number of possible emotions a human being can have. Has anyone ever said to you, "Don't use that tone of voice with me?" Your tone can change the meaning of what you say. Tone can turn a statement like, "You're a big help!" into a genuine compliment or a cruel sarcastic remark. It depends on the context of the story.

IDENTIFYING TONE & MOOD

For each example identify the tone, what context clues are used to convey the tone, and the overall mood of the sentence.

1. Bouncing into the room, she lit up the vicinity with a joyous glow on her face as she told about her fiancé and their wedding plans.

Tone
Context Clues
Mood
2. She huddled in the corner, clutching her tattered blanket and shaking convulsively, as she feverishly
searched the room for the unknown dangers that awaited her.
Tone
Context Clues
Mood
3. Bursting through the door, the flustered mother screamed uncontrollably at the innocent teacher who gave
her child an F.
Tone
Context Clues
Mood
 4. Drawing the attention of his classmates as well as his teacher, the student dared to experiment with his professor's intelligence by interrogating him about the Bible. Tone Context Clues Mood
5. He furtively glanced behind him, for hear of his imagined pursuers, then hurriedly walked on, jumping at the
slightest sound even of a leaf crackling under his own foot.
Tone
Context Clues
Mood
6. Gently smiling, the mother tenderly tucked the covers up around the child's neck, and carefully, quietly, left the
room making sure to leave a comforting ray of light shining through the opened door should the child wake.
Tone
Context Clues
Mood

7. The laughing wind skipped through the village, teasing trees until they danced with anger and cajoling the grass into fighting itself, blade slapping blade, as the silly dog with golfball eyes and flopping, slobbery tongue bounded across the lawn.

Tone	 	
Context Clues		
Mood		